Men's bodies, men's selves: men's health self-help books and the promotion of health care

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This paper is a critical analysis of men's health self-help books, focusing on the health care strategies encouraged by this advice literature. It is argued that the genre of men's health self-help overwhelmingly emphasizes the role of the individual in achieving good health and well-being. In presenting this message, men's health self-help reproduces a neo-conservative ideological perspective about public health: good health is primarily an individual concern, and that good health outcomes are largely the product of individual behavior. It is suggested that this emphasis on individuality works best for the genre's target audience of middle-class men, but is of limited use for health-care strategies aimed at achieving better health outcomes for a broader male population.

Key Words: men's physical health, self-help books, health-care strategies, individualism

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Throughout the 20th century, there have been many popular Western health movements (Starker, 1989), which have made a difference to people's health outcomes. For example, in the 1950s, the founding of the La Leche League signaled a turn away from bottle-feeding back to breast-feeding of infants, and subsequently, new forms of women's empowerment in the face of male medical dominance. Beginning in the 1960s, complementary and alternative medicine gained increased public support, and practices such as naturopathy, homoeopathy, and acupuncture have become an accepted part of many people's health regimen.

Fueled in part by concerns about men's higher rates of morbidity and mortality compared to women, the men's health movement has flourished in recent years in Europe, the United States, and Australia. This movement manifests itself in many ways: conferences have been organized by stakeholders to analyze and discuss men's health issues, scholarly explanations have been offered to account for men's poor health outcomes, and dedicated men's health services have been established by health-care providers. At this point in time, it is not yet clear what impact the men's health movement has had on men's health outcomes, especially those men with the poorest health.

In his book Oracle at the Supermarket, Starker (1989) observes that popular health movements of any kind are always supported by self-help literature. The burgeoning concern with men's health is no different. A visit to the local bookstore or on-line bookseller reveals an ever-increasing range of self-help books that present a total program for improving a man's health (as opposed to books covering just one area, like diet). In the first instance, these books offer practical advice for men in the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of male health issues like testicular cancer and erectile dysfunction. Other areas of "body maintenance" (Saltonstall, 1993) also come under consideration, from general health problems, to lifestyle issues, fitness programs, and even personal grooming. These books share similarities with popular magazines like Men's Health and Men's Fitness, both of which dispense accessible health and lifestyle advice to the mass market. Unlike the magazines, however, men's health self-help books offer the consumer an all-in-one guidebook covering the major areas of men's health and thus ought to be viewed as a kind of do-it-yourself "comprehensive health promotion...

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The burgeoning concern with men's health is no different. A visit to the local bookstore or on-line bookseller reveals an ever-increasing range of self-help books that present a total program for improving a man's health (as opposed to books covering just one area, like diet). In the first instance, these books offer practical advice for men in the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of male health issues like testicular cancer and erectile dysfunction. As a do-it-yourself form of health care, men's health self-help books are an intermediary between the individual and the wider health-care system. It is important, therefore, to understand the messages the reader receives about his health. It's a great resource for men — regardless of how old their children are — working to balance personal health and self-care with the demands of attentive fatherhood. The Good Men Project. This is a site for men ready to move beyond “toxic masculinity” and embrace a more holistic and open approach to wellness and relationships. Henry Health is a mental health technology startup that launched in 2018 to make mental healthcare accessible and convenient to minorities in the United States. Founded by Oliver Sims and Kevin Dedner, it offers culturally responsive teletherapy, which is therapy conducted virtually using various technologies. The Health Promotion Department, South Eastern Health Board. Tel: 056 7761400. The findings of this research “Getting Inside Men’s Health” will inform the development of the new men’s health policy and action plan which we hope to publish in 2005. I would like to thank all involved in this important project, particularly the men who gave of their time. 5.3 Self-Reported Health Status and ‘Self-Care Practices’ 54. 5.3.1 Self-reported health status 54. 5.3.2 Neglect of health as a contributory factor to self-reported ‘poor’ health 55. 5.3.3 Self-reported long-term illness/disability 55. 5.3.4 Late presentation as a contributory factor to self-reported long-term illness 56.