Women who save their husbands from difficult situations in The Book of Dede Korkut

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Author: Seyma Gungor
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Abstract

‘The Book of Dede Korkut’ is one of the most important literary works as a means of recognising the status and value of Turkish women in society. The Book of Dede Korkut which consists of twelve epic stories and on introduction, describes several events regarding the experiences of nomadic Oghuz Turks.

The Turks who lived in Central Asia between the IX-XI centuries, created epic-stories preserving the memories of their adventures in earlier ages. Later, these texts were modified and enriched as a result of the cultural effects and events following the migration of the Oghuzs to Azerbaijan and Anatolia. These oral stories were transcribed to written form in XV. century with the addition of an introduction so that The Book of Dede Korkut was completed.

The stories which were transmitted from generation to generation, orally, by bards throughout the centuries, include valuable information regarding Turkish social structure, conception of life and the systems of beliefs.

The heroines who appear as active individuals, in society with strong and positive characteristics are also described as women who save their husbands in difficult conditions applying their intelligence, knowledge, devotion and skills in fighting.

Dede Korkut Kitabi, Turk kadinin toplum icindeki yeri ve degerinin belirlenmesinde kaynak teskil eden onemli eserlerden biridir. Giris ve oniki epik-hikayeden meydana gelen kitapta, gocebe hayat yasayan Oguz Turklerinin basindan gecen bazi alaylar anlatilir.

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Asılar içinde ozanlar tarafından sözlü olarak kusaktan kusaga aktarılan hikayeler, genis zaman dilimi içindeki Turk sosyal yapısına, hayatta bakış tarzına, inanclarına ait aydınlatıcı bilgileri tasimaktadır.

Dede Korkut Hikayeleri'nde guclu sahsiyetleri ile toplumun aktif bir bireyi olarak yer alan kadın kahramanlar, diğer olumlu niteliklerinin yanında, akılları, bilgileri, fedakarlıkları, ve savasçılık vasıflarıyla, zaman zaman kocalarını zor durumdan kurtaran eserler olarak da islenmektedir. Bununla beraber, aynı kitabin giriş kısımında, yalnız ev temizlemek, yemek yapmak, misafir agirlamak, kocaya itaat gibi, çok dar alanlarda niteliklerle değerendirilen kadının, toplum içindeki yeri ve degerinin epeyce gerilediği anlasılmaktadır.

Introduction

An important resource to be seriously and thoroughly examined in social studies, without doubt, are literary works. Folkloric studies have a unique place in literature when it comes to recognising the value and status of women in society. The basic reason is that since folkloric works are not created by individuals but by whole society (1), they represent the collective cultural accumulation. So, analysing the status of women in an anonymous work will give us valuable information about the understanding of women in the society that the literary work was created by.

Among the many works, The Book of Dede Korkut is an important one that reflects the status and role of woman in Turkish society. This work, which is believed to have been transcribed at the end of XVth century, is...
Dede korkut is a Turkish Book. There is thousands Legend in Turkey But there is a story of Bamsi Beyek. Legend 2. Oughuz Turk. The Inner and Outer Oghuz princes were assembling in the presence of Bayindir Khan. Among the princes who came was Bay Bure Bey. He saw Kara Budak, the son of Kara Gone, standing and leaning on his bow opposite Bayindir Khan.

Why Do Women Cheat On Their Husbands, While Some Husbands Stay Faithful? It All Has To Do With The Internal Struggles In Relationships, As Well As Their Dynamic. We've all seen it in the media and heard gossip around the neighborhood — the stereotypical cheating husband, philandering with other women, while the emotionally neglected wife cries at home. Well what happens when these roles are reversed? What happens when it's a cheating wife with a faithful husband? I've noticed a new infidelity pattern in which more and more men have reached out for counseling upon learning that their wives cheat on them. These men report that they have remained faithful and loyal, hoping to work through the hurt of the affair and stay together. The Book of Dede Korkut Community Note includes chapter-by-chapter summary and analysis, character list, theme list, historical context, author biography and quizzes written by community members like you.

As an adult Boghach Khan was a revered and unbeatable warrior who was given a Princedom for his bravery and heroism. His father, Dirse Khan, was tricked into attempting to kill his son but his life had been saved by his mother, who had seen through the trickery. He is the creator of the stories that follow. How Salur Kazan's House was Pillaged is the tale of the Infidel King Shokli of Georgia's raid on the encampment of Salur Kazan whilst they were on a hunting party and the encampment was left unattended. Book of Dede Korkut essays are academic essays for citation. The Book of Dede Korkut is a heroic epic set in Central Asia and Asia Minor in the eighth to the thirteenth centuries; probably written down in the fourteenth or fifteenth century; published in Turkish (as Kitab-i Dede Korkut) in 1916, in English in 1972.

SYNOPSIS Source for information on The Book of Dede Korkut: World Literature and Its Times: Profiles of Notable Literary Works and the Historic Events That Influenced Them dictionary. The Oghuz lived nomadically, traveling on horseback as they moved their sheep from summer to winter pastures. A great feast is held where Dede Korkut sings a tale of the heroes of this adventure, and Bayindir Khan grants Boghach a principality.